



Most Important Points Of 17th January in History

➤ 1595 - French King Henry IV declared war on Spain.

In January 1595, French King Henry IV declared war on Spain. This war lasted from 1595 to 1598. This war is also known as the French War of Religion.

Henry IV wanted to show the Catholics that Spain was attacking France in the name of religion. Henry IV wanted to show the Protestants that their conversion did not make them puppets of Spain.



➤ 1757 - Germany declares war on Prussia.

In 1757, Frederick the Great marches into the Kingdom of Bohemia. Although he won the bloody Battle of Prague and laid siege to the city, he loses the Battle of Kolin, forcing him to lift the siege and withdraw from Bohemia altogether.

The Seven Years' War was fought between 1756 and 1763. It involved every European superpower of the time except the Ottoman Empire, spanned five continents and impacted Europe, the Americas, West Africa, India, and the Philippines.



➤ 1601 - Mughal emperor Akbar entered the impregnable fort of Asirgarh.

The Mughals occupied this fort from 17 January 1601 to 1760. In 1760, the Marathas took over this fort. The temples that are visible in Asirgarh today were renovated during the Maratha period.

The Marathas ruled the fort from 1760 to 1819. After this, the fort remained deserted for a few years and then in 1904, the British took over the fort.





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➤ **1895 – French President Casimir Périer resigns.**

Jean Paul Pierre Casimir-Perier was a French politician who served as President of France from June 1894 to January 1895. Jean Casimir-Perier was born in Paris on 8 November 1847, the son of Auguste Casimir-Perier, grandson of Casimir Pierre Périer, premier of Louis Philippe, and great-grandson of Claude Périer, one of the founders of the Bank of France. He entered public life as secretary to his father, who was Minister of the Interior under the presidency of Thiers.



➤ **1946: The United Nations Security Council meets for the first time.**

The Organization The Security Council held its first session on 17 January 1946 at Church House, Westminster, London. Since its first meeting, the Security Council has taken up permanent residence at the United Nations Headquarters in New York City. The 77th session of the United Nations General Assembly is scheduled to hold elections on 6 June for five non-permanent seats on the Security Council for the 2024-2025 term.

