



Most Important Points Of 08th January in History

- **1790- America's first president George Washington addressed the nation for the first time.**

America's first president George Washington addressed the nation for the first time on January 8, 1790. On this day he gave the first State of the Union speech to Congress in New York City. He began this speech by congratulating North Carolina on its recent election.

George Washington is often called the "father of his country." He not only served as the first president of the United States, but he also commanded the Continental Army during the American Revolution (1775-83) and presided over the convention that drafted the US Constitution.



- **1884- Keshub Chandra Sen, social reformer and one of the founders of 'Brahmo Samaj', died.**

Keshub Chandra Sen was born on 19 November 1838 and died on 8 January 1884. He was a Hindu philosopher and social reformer who attempted to incorporate Christian theology within the framework of Hindu thought.



- **1889- Herman Hollerith receives a patent for the invention of the punch card tabulating machine.**

Herman Hollerith receives a patent for the invention of the punch card tabulating machine in the year 1889.

His invention of the punch card tabulating machine, patented in 1884, marks the beginning of the era of mechanized binary code and semi-automatic data processing systems, and his concept dominated that landscape for nearly a century.





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➤ 1890- Birth of Hindi writer Ramchandra Verma.

Hindi writer Ramchandra Verma was born in 1890. He was born in a respected Khatri family of Kashi. Verma ji's school education was ordinary but due to his love for learning, he studied many languages well, apart from Hindi, Urdu, Persian, Marathi, Bengali, Gujarati, English etc. through the company of scholars and self-study. His apprenticeship remained fully conscious till the end of his life. He has presented ideal translations of texts of various languages. He has translated the English book 'Hindu Polity' under the name 'Hindu Rajtantra'. Successful translations of Marathi language books like Dnyaneshwari, Chhatrasal etc. are worth seeing.



➤ 1952- Jordan adopts constitution.

The Constitution of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan was adopted in January 1952 and has been amended several times. It defines a hereditary monarchical regime with a parliamentary representation system. It sets out the separate powers of the state (executive, legislative and judicial), rights and duties of citizens, financial matters and other constitutional regulations.

